Mathematics in HPPS



Learn Math, Live Math, Love Math.

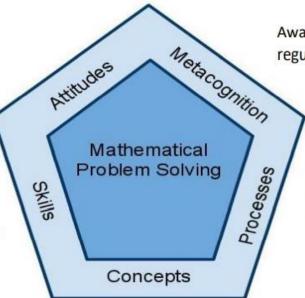
Sharing with Parents November 2024

Mathematics Framework

Mathematics Curriculum Framework

Belief, appreciation, confidence, motivation, interest and perseverance

Proficiency in carrying out operations and algorithms, visualising space, handling data and using mathematical tools



Understanding of the properties and relationships, operations and algorithms

Awareness, monitoring and regulation of thought processes

Competencies in abstracting and reasoning, representing and communicating, applying and modelling

Aims of the Primary Math Syllabus

To enable students to:

- acquire mathematical concepts and skills for everyday use and continuous learning in mathematics;
- develop thinking, reasoning, communication, application and metacognitive skills through a mathematical approach to problem solving; and
- build confidence and foster interest in mathematics.

Math in Primary 1

3 content strands:

- i. Number & Algebra
- ii. Measurement & Geometry
- iii. Statistics



Number & Algebra

Topics:

- Numbers 0 to 10
- Addition within 10
- Subtraction within 10
- Ordinal Numbers
- Numbers to 20
- Addition and Subtraction
- Numbers to 100
- Addition and Subtraction Within 100
- Multiplication
- Division



Measurement & Geometry

Topics:

- Shapes
- Length
- Time
- Money

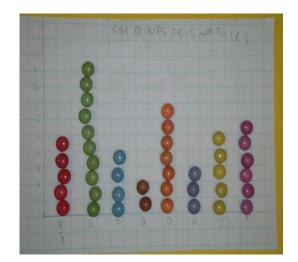




Statistics

Topics:

• Picture Graphs



	My Favorite Sport		
Baseball	00000		
Football	00000000		
Basketball	00000000		
Soccer	000		

C-P-A Approach in Math Learning

- Concrete
 - Use of manipulatives
 - Hands-on activities
- **P**ictorial



 Use of pictorial representations and/or drawing of diagrams and models

• Abstract

Numerical representations, symbolic representations, algorithms and mental calculations

Math Programmes for Primary 1

Learning Support in Math (LSM)

 Early intervention support for students who need help in acquiring basic numeracy skills.

Fun in Math

 Enrichment activities for students with aptitude in Math to expose them to various skills (such as classification, visual-spatial skills, logical reasoning, pattern recognition etc) through games and activities.

Formative Assessments

- An integral part of teaching and learning
- On-going process where teachers gather information about students' learning to inform and support teaching



Formative Assessments

- Provides information on how well students are progressing toward the desired learning goal(s).
- Non-weighted
 - Focus on <u>growth</u> and <u>mastery</u>, **NOT** on grades and performance



Modes of Formative Assessments

- Oral Question & Answer
- Diagnostic Tasks
- Pen-and-Paper Tasks
- Performance Tasks
- Journal Writing



Feedback to Parents

- Check-point feedback given after every 2-3 units taught
- Based on 4-Level Qualitative Descriptors
 - Beginning
 - Developing
 - Competent
 - Accomplished

Sample of Feedback to Parents



Henry Park Primary School Mathematics Primary 1

Semester 1 - Review 1 (1A Practice Book Page 49 to 54) Chapter 1: Numbers to 10 Chapter 2: Addition Chapter 3: Subtraction

Student's Self-evaluation	\odot	\odot	\odot
I checked my work.			
I wrote the numbers clearly.			
I worked out all the answers without asking for help.			

Feedback on child's learning:

Teacher's Feedback								
No.	Learning Objectives	Beginning	Developing	Competent	Accomplished			
1	To count, read and							
	write numbers 0 to 10							

Home support for your child

- Set a daily homework routine.
- Regularly review the basic concepts & skills your child has learnt in class.
- Focus on your child's <u>efforts</u> instead of his/her mistakes.
- Always <u>motivate</u> and <u>encourage</u> him/her to build confidence.

Home support for your child

- Play Math games.
 Some examples:
 - Number Snap!
 - Addition/Subtraction Bingo
 - Skip Counting



- Read Math-related stories.
 Some examples:
 - The Very Hungry Caterpillar (Eric Carle)
 - Amanda Bean's Amazing Dream (Cindy Neuschwander)
 - How Big Is A Foot? (Rolf Myller)

Home support for your child

Provide and create opportunities to explore Mathematics through real-life experiences.

Some examples:

- Estimating number of items in a container.
- Estimating time taken to travel from home to school.
- Tell and read time from both analogue and digital clocks or watches.
- Calculate total cost of items while grocery shopping.
- Reading the mass or volume of items indicated on the labels.
- Licence-plate Math

Eg SMR 9577 U → 9 + 5 + 7 + 7 = 28

$$\rightarrow 9 + 5 = 7 + 7$$

$$\rightarrow 9 - 7 = 7 - 5$$

MATHEMATICS is not about numbers, equations, computations or algorithms: it is about **UNDERSTANDING.**

~ William Paul Thurston (1946 – 2012) Have an enjoyable learning journey in the primary school years with your child!